## <u>ÜR GENERNER GENERNER</u>

## EXPLORE THE EVIDENCE ... ANGLO-SAXON DEATH

Archaeologists and historians documents as evidence for what happened in the past.

Your task is to find out about a grave recorded by the archaeologist, Edward Thurlow Leeds.

Here is your evidence:

- Photographs of an Anglo-Saxon grave when it was excavated.
- Photographs of objects.
- Newspaper cuttings.

Use the evidence to answer these questions:

Question	Answer	What evidence did you use?
Where and when was this grave excavated?		
What was the person in the grave male or female?		
How old was the person?		
What was the person wearing?		
What was found in the grave?		
What else can you find out about this burial?		



## EXPLORE THE EVIDENCE ANGLO-SAXON DEATH

## Newspaper Articles



Wallingford WOMAN'S SKELETON FOUND AT WALLINGFORD Food Vessel and Ornaments in Anglo-Saxon Grave France H

On Friday a party of excavators in charge of Dr. H. Watts, Haddon Close, Didcot, discovered a remarkably well-preserved skelton, together with ancient pottery and ormaments, in the grounds of Mr. F. A. Snow's pavilion.

There is no doubt that the site was once an Anglo-Saxon burial ground, for this is the tenth skeleton to be found there in recent years. Archeologists have every reason to be grateful to Mr. Snow, whose assistance has enabled so many interesting discoveries to be made.

The skeleton, which was found about five feet below the surface, was that of a woman, aged about twenty, who had evidently been afflicted with curvature of the spine.

Above her left shoulder was a carinated food vessel, about the size of a breakfast cup, and richly decorated. It was in a perfect state of preservation. The contents were taken to Oxford by Captain C. Musgrave (Oxford University Museum) for analysis.

On the chest were two brooches, presumably of silver bronze, and round the neck and extending to the waist was a necklace of fifty heads, all beautifully drilled. The bend at the foot of the necklace was of rock erystal, on either side were amber beads, and those above were of glass. Nearby was an iron pin, used for fastening a cloak, and there were also three counters of the type used for playing an arcient game. Dr. Watts stated that the discoveries were most interesting, and added that it was not usual to find so much pottery in Anche Savon graves.

Anglo-Saxon graves. The ornaments have been examined by experts, who find that the date of burial was between 450 and 500 A.D.

To enable the public to see these relice and others which have been found in the Pavilion grounds, Mr. Snow has decided to start a small museum. No fee will be charged, but a hox will be available for voluntary contributions, and the money se ebllected will go to local charities.

(Reprinted from the "Berks and Oxon Advertiser," May 14th, 1937).







Record sheet created by Edward Thurlow Leeds





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Ashmolean Museum record of objects

